

## **CURRICULUM VITAE: Prof. Dr. Ursula Müller-Werdan**

**CURRENT POSITION** Full Professor; Chief physician of the Department of Geriatrics and Medical Gerontology of the Charité - Universitätsmedizin Berlin and Medical Director/Chief Physician of the Evangelisches Geriatriezentrum Berlin gGmbH, Reinickendorfer Strasse 61, D-13347 Berlin; Tel. +49 30 450 565233; [ursula.mueller-werdan@charite.de](mailto:ursula.mueller-werdan@charite.de);  
<https://geriatrie.charite.de/en/>

**PERSONAL DATA** born in 1961; German; married; 1 child

### **QUALIFICATION AND PROFESSIONAL CAREER**

2018 Congress President of the German Society of Gerontology and Geriatrics  
2018 - 2020 President of the German Society of Gerontology and Geriatrics  
Since 2016 Member of the Scientific Board of the German Chamber of Physicians  
**Since 2016** Chief physician of the Department of Geriatrics and Medical Gerontology of the Charité - Universitätsmedizin Berlin  
**Since 4/2015** Full Professor (W3), Director of the Chair of Geriatrics of Charité - Universitätsmedizin Berlin and of the Protestant Geriatric Centre Berlin  
2015 Director of the Chair of Geriatrics (W3 Professor), RWTH Aachen  
2008 Specialist recognition in "Geriatrics"  
2006 Appointment as "Außerplanmäßiger Professor", University Halle-Wittenberg  
2002 Specialist recognition in "Cardiology"  
1999 "Habilitation" in Internal Medicine, University Halle-Wittenberg  
1996 - 2014 Lecturer and Consultant (since 1999) at the Department of Medicine III, University Halle-Wittenberg  
1987– 1996 Resident in Internal Medicine at the University of Munich; 1995 Specialist recognition in "Internal Medicine" and "Medical Intensive Care Medicine"; 1988 Medical Doctorate conferred at the University of Munich  
1980-1986 Medical studies at the University of Munich; elective periods at Oxford Medical School (1984) and Harvard Medical School (1986); scholar of the "Studienstiftung des deutschen Volkes" and "Stiftung Maximilianeum"

### **RESEARCH INTERESTS**

Mechanisms of cardiac ageing; prevention of heart disease; treatment of critically ill geriatric patients